## YEAR 1 AUTUMN

|  | Number: Place Value (within 10) | Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 10) | Geometry: Shape | Number: Place Value (within 20) | Consolidation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week 1-4 | Week 5-8 | Week 9 | Week 10-11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Count to ten, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number. <br> - Count, read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words. <br> - Given a number, identify one more or one less. <br> - Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. | - Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10. <br> - Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. <br> - Add and subtract one digit numbers to 10 , including zero. <br> - Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems. | - Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including: (e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles). <br> - Recognise and name common $3-\mathrm{D}$ shapes, including: (e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres). | - Count to twenty, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , from any given number. <br> - Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. <br> - Given a number, identify one more or one less. <br> - Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. | All |
|  | - Sort objects. <br> - Count objects. <br> - Represent objects. <br> - Count, read and write forwards from any number 0 to 10. <br> - Count, read and writing backwards from any number 0 to 10 . <br> - Count one more. <br> - Count one less. <br> - One to one correspondence to start to compare groups. <br> - Compare groups using language such as equal, more/greater, less/fewer. <br> - Introduce = , > and < symbols. <br> - Compare numbers. <br> - Order groups of objects. <br> - Order numbers. <br> - Ordinal numbers (1st, 2nd, 3rd ....). <br> - The number line. | - Part whole model. <br> - Addition symbol. <br> - Fact families - Addition facts. <br> - Find number bonds for numbers within 10. <br> - Systematic methods for number bonds within 10. <br> - Number bonds to 10. <br> - Compare number bonds. <br> - Addition: Adding together. <br> - Addition: Adding more. <br> - Finding a part. <br> - Subtraction: Taking away, how many left? Crossing out. <br> - Subtraction: Taking away, how many left? Introducing the subtraction symbol. <br> - Subtraction: Finding a part, breaking apart. <br> - Fact families - The 8 facts. <br> - Subtraction: Counting back. <br> - Subtraction: Finding the difference. <br> - Comparing addition and subtraction statements a + b > c. <br> - Comparing addition and subtraction statements $\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}>\mathrm{c}+\mathrm{d}$. | - Recognise and name 3D shapes. <br> - Sort 3D shapes. <br> - Recognise and name 2D shapes. <br> - Sort 2D shapes. <br> - Patterns with 3D and 2D shapes. | - Count forwards and backwards and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. <br> - Numbers from 11 to 20. <br> - Tens and ones. <br> - Count one more and one less. <br> - Compare groups of objects. <br> - Compare numbers. <br> - Order groups of objects. <br> - Order numbers. | All |


|  | $\xi$ | Read and write numbers in numerals (to 10). | - Add and subtract (one digit numbers) explaining their method verbally in pictures or using apparatus. <br> - Recall at least four of the six number bonds for 10 and reason about associated facts. | - Name some common 2D and 3D shapes from a group of shapes or from pictures of the shapes and describe some of their properties. | - Read and write numbers in numerals (to 20). <br> - Partition a two-digit number into tens and ones and demonstrate and understanding of place value, though they may use structured resources to support them. | All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | 3 | - Read scales in divisions (of ones). | - Recall all the number bonds to and within 10. and use these to reason with. | - Name and describe properties of 2D and 3D shapes. | - Partition two digit numbers into different combinations of tens and ones, explaining their thinking verbally, in pictures or using apparatus. | All |
| O | x | - Read scales where not all numbers on the scale are given and estimate points in between. <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involves more than one step. <br> - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking | - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking. <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involves more than one step. | - Describe the similarities and differences of 2 D and 3 D shapes, using their properties. | - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking. <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step. | All |
| ๙ | - Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract) <br> - Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete and pictorial representations, if required <br> - Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate <br> - Begin to independently find a starting point to break into a problem <br> - Use trial and improvement strategy <br> - Independently find possibilities <br> - With support (adult, peer) check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors) <br> - Independently pattern spot and copy and continue a pattern (objects, shapes, numbers, spatial) predicting what will come next <br> - With support, investigate statements |  |  |  |  |  |
| ๙ | - Describe and explain with reasons <br> - Listen to others' explanations and try to make sense of them |  |  |  |  |  |

## YEAR 1 SPRING



|  | $\xi$ | - Add and subtract (one digit numbers) explaining their method verbally in pictures or using apparatus. <br> - Recall at least four of the six number bonds for 10 and reason about associated facts. | - Read and write numbers in numerals (to 50). <br> - Partition a two-digit number into tens and ones and demonstrate and understanding of place value, though they may use structured resources to support them | N/A | N/A | All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{4}{3}$ | - Recall all the number bonds to and within 10, and use these to reason with and calculate bonds to and within 20, recognising other associated additive relationships. | - Read scales in divisions of ones, twos, fives. <br> - Partition two digit numbers into different combinations of tens and ones, explaining their thinking verbally, in pictures or using apparatus. | N/A | N/A | All |
|  |  | - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems \& explain their thinking. <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involves more than one step. | - Read scales where not all numbers on the scale are given and estimate points in between. <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step. | - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking. <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step. | - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking. <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step. | All |
| ลั | - Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract) <br> - Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete and pictorial representations, if required. <br> - Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate <br> - Use trial and improvement strategy. <br> - Independently find possibilities. <br> - With support (adult, peer) check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors). <br> - Independently pattern spot and copy and continue a pattern (objects, shapes, numbers, spatial) predicting what will come next. <br> - With support, investigate statements. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\propto$ | - Describe and explain with reasons. <br> - Listen to others' explanations and try to make sense of them. |  |  |  |  |  |


| Year 1 - Summer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division (including multiples of 2,5 and 10) | Number: Fractions | Geometry: Position and Direction | Number: Place Value (within 100) | Measurement: Money | Measurement: Time | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4-5 | Week 6 | Week 7-8 | Week 9 | Week 10-11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. <br> - Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. | - Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. <br> - Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. <br> - Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) <br> -Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]. | - Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns | - Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. <br> - Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. <br> - Given a number, identify one more and one less. <br> - Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than, most, least. | - Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. | - Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening. <br> - Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. <br> -Tell the time to the hour \& half past the hour \&draw hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> - Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]. <br> - Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds). | - All |


|  | - Co <br> - Ma <br> - Ad <br> - Ma <br> - Ma <br> - Ma <br> grou <br> - Ma <br> sh | nt in 10s. <br> ke equal groups. equal groups. ke arrays. <br> ke doubles. <br> ke equal groups uping. <br> ke equal groups ring. | - Halving shapes or objects. <br> - Halving a quantity. <br> - Find a quarter of a shape or object. <br> - Find a quarter of a quantity. | - Describe turns. <br> - Describe Position <br> (1). <br> - Describe Position (2). | - Counting to 100. <br> - Partitioning numbers. <br> - Comparing numbers (1). <br> - Comparing numbers (2). <br> - Ordering numbers. <br> - One more, one less. | - Recognising coins. <br> - Recognising notes. <br> - Counting in coins | - Before and after. <br> - Dates. <br> - Time to the hour. <br> - Time to the half hour. <br> -Writing time. <br> - Comparing time. | -All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $5$ | - Count in $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s from 0 and use this to solve problems. | $\bullet \text { •N/A }$ | $\bullet N / A$ | - Read and write numbers in numerals (to 50). <br> - Partition a two-digit number into tens and ones and demonstrate and understanding of place value, though they may use structured resources to support them. | - Know the value of different coins. | - Read the time on a clock | - All |
|  | $\frac{1}{3}$ | - Recall multiplicatio n and division facts for 2 and 10 and use them to solve simple problems, demonstrati ng and understandin g of the commutativit y as necessary. | - Identify $1 / 4$ of a number or shape and know that all the parts must be equal parts of the whole. | - N/A | - Read scales in divisions of ones, twos, fives. <br> - Partition two digit numbers into different combinations of tens and ones, explaining their thinking verbally, in pictures or using apparatus. | - Use different coins to make the same amount | - Read the time on a clock (to half an hour) | - All |


| - Use reasoning |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| about | $\bullet$ Use reasoning about <br> numbers and |
| numbers and <br> relationships | more complex <br> to solve more |
| problems and explain <br> complex | their thinking. | complex problems and explain their thinking.

- Solve
unfamiliar word problems that involves more than one step.

| - Solve unfamiliar | - Read scales where |
| :--- | :--- |
| word problems that | not all numbers on <br> involves more than <br> the scale are given |
|  | and | | one step. | and estimate points |
| :--- | :--- |

## - Use reasoning

 about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking.in between. Solve unfamiliar word problems that involves more than one step.

- Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking.
- Solve unfamiliar
word problems that
involves more than one step.
- Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking.
- Solve unfamiliar
word problems that involves more than one step.
- Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking.
- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete and pictorial representations, if required.
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Use trial and improvement strategy.
- Independently find possibilities.
- With support (adult, peer) check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors).
- Independently pattern spot and copy and continue a pattern (objects, shapes, numbers, spatial) predicting what will come next.
- With support, investigate statements.
- Describe and explain with reasons.
- Listen to others' explanations and try to make sense of them.


## YEAR 2 AUTUMN

|  | Number: Place Value | Number: Addition and Subtraction | Measurement: Money | Number: Multiplication and Division |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4-8 | Week 9-10 | Week 11-12 |
|  | - Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. <br> - Recognise the place value of each digit in a two digit number (tens, ones) Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations including the number line. <br> - Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use $<,>$ and $=$ signs. <br> - Use place value and number facts to solve problems. <br> - Count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward and backward. | - Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100. <br> - Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones; a two-digit number and tens; two two-digit numbers; adding three one-digit numbers. <br> - Show that the addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. <br> - Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. <br> - Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. | $\bullet$ Recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence ( p ); combine amounts to make a particular value. <br> - Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. <br> - Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change | - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. <br> - Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ( x ), division ( $\div$ ) and equals ( $=$ ) sign. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. <br> - Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. |

- Count objects to 100 and read and write numbers in numerals and words.
- Represent numbers to 100.
- Tens and ones with a part whole model.
-Tens and ones using addition
- Use a place value chart.
- Compare objects.
- Compare numbers.
- Order objects and numbers.
- Count in $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s .
- Count in 3 s .
- Fact families - Addition and subtraction bonds to 20 .
- Check calculations.
- Compare number sentences.
- Related facts.
- Bonds to 100 (tens).
- Add and subtract 1 s .
- 10 more and 10 less.
- Add and subtract 10s.
- Add a 2-digit and 1-digit number crossing ten.
- Subtract a 1-digit number from a 2digit number - crossing 10.
- Add two 2-digit numbers - not crossing ten - add ones and add tens.
- Add two 2-digit numbers - crossing ten - add ones and add tens.
- Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2digit number - not crossing ten.
- Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2digit number - crossing ten - subtract ones and tens.
- Bonds to 100 (tens and ones).
- Add three 1-digit numbers.
- Count money - pence.
- Count money - pounds (notes and coins).
- Count money - notes and coins.
- Select money.
- Make the same amount.
- Compare money.
- Find the total.
- Find the difference.
- Find change.
-Two-step problems.
- Recognise equal groups.
- Make equal groups.
- Add equal groups.
- Multiplication sentences using the $x$ symbol.
- Multiplication sentences from pictures.
- Use arrays
- 2 times-table.
- 5 times-table.
- 10 times-table.
- Read and write numbers in numerals up to 100
- Partition a two-digit number into tens and ones and demonstrate an understanding of place value, though they may use structures resources to support them
$\bullet$ Read scales in divisions of ones, twos, fives and tens
- Partition two digit numbers into different combinations of tens and ones, explaining their thinking verbally, in pictures or using apparatus
- Read scales where not all numbers on the scale are given and estimate points in between
- Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking
- Solve unfamiliar word problems the involve more than one step
- Add and subtract (one digit numbers) explaining their method verbally in pictures or using apparatus
- Recall at lest four of the six number bonds for 10 and reason about associated facts
- Recall all the number bonds to and within 10 and use these to reason with and calculate bonds to and within 20, recognising other associated additive relationships

| - Know the value of different coins | - N/A |
| :---: | :---: |
| - Use different coins to make the same amount | - Recall multiplication and division facts for 2,5 and 10 and use them to solve simple problems, demonstrating and understanding the commutativity as necessary |
| - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step | - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for 2,5 and 10 and make deductions outside known numbers facts. <br> - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step |

$\bullet$ Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)

- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Independently find a starting point to break into a problem
-With support work systematically
-Independently find possibilities
- Independently check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors)
- Pattern spot and predict what will come next in a pattern/sequence (numbers, shapes, spatial
$\bullet$ Explain with reasons and beginning to use given sentence stems and connectives to expand
- Listen to others' explanations, make sense of them and compare and evaluate
- Begin to edit and improve their own and a peer's explanation
- With support, investigate statements and conjectures
-Investigate 'what if?' questions


## YEAR 2 SPRING

| YEAR 2 SPRING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Multiplication and Division | Statistics | Geometry: Properties of Shape | Number: Fractions | Measurement: Length and Height | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-2 | Week 3-4 | Week 5-7 | Week 8-10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. <br> - Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ( $\times$ ), division ( $\div$ ) and equals (=) signs. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. <br> - Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. | - Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. <br> - Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. <br> - Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. | - Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. <br> - Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces. <br> - Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]. <br> - Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. | - Recognise, find, name and write fractions 13 , 14,24 and 34 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. <br> -Write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$. | - Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass (kg/g); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. <br> - Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using>, < and $=$. | - All |


| White Rose Small Steps |  | ake equal groups aring <br> ake equal groups ouping vide by 2 dd and even numbers vide by 5 vide by 10 | - Make tally charts <br> - Draw pictograms (1-1) <br> - Interpret pictograms (1-1) <br> - Draw pictograms (2, 5 and 10) <br> - Interpret pictograms (2, 5 and 10) <br> - Block diagrams. | - Recognise 2D and 3D shapes <br> - Count sides on 2D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 2D shapes <br> - Draw 2D shapes <br> - Lines of symmetry <br> - Sort 2D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 2D shapes <br> - Count faces on 3D shapes <br> - Count edges on 3D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 3D shapes <br> - Sort 3D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 3D shapes. | - Make equal parts <br> - Recognise half <br> - Find half <br> - Recognise quarter <br> - Find a quarter <br> - Recognise a third <br> - Find a third <br> - Unit fractions <br> - NonOunit fractions. <br> - Equivalence of $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$ <br> - Find three quarters <br> - Count in fractions | - Measure length (cm) <br> - Measure length (m) <br> - Compare lengths <br> - Order lengths <br> - Four operations with lengths. | - All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\xi$ | - Make equal groups sharing <br> - Make equal groups grouping <br> - Divide by 2 <br> - Odd and even numbers <br> - Divide by 5 <br> - Divide by 10 | - Make tally charts <br> - Draw pictograms (1-1) <br> - Interpret pictograms (1-1) <br> - Draw pictograms (2,5 and 10) <br> - Interpret pictograms ( 2,5 and 10) <br> - Block diagrams. | - Recognise 2D and 3D shapes <br> - Count sides on 2D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 2D shapes <br> - Draw 2D shapes <br> - Lines of symmetry <br> - Sort 2D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 2D shapes <br> - Count faces on 3D shapes <br> - Count edges on 3D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 3D shapes <br> - Sort 3D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 3D shapes. | - Make equal parts <br> - Recognise half <br> - Find half <br> - Recognise quarter <br> - Find a quarter <br> - Recognise a third <br> - Find a third <br> - Unit fractions <br> - NonOunit fractions <br> - Equivalence of $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$ <br> - Find three quarters <br> - Count in fractions | - Measure length (cm) <br> - Measure length (m) <br> - Compare lengths <br> - Order lengths <br> - Four operations with lengths. | - All |


|  | $\frac{\pi}{3}$ | - Make equal groups sharing <br> - Make equal groups grouping <br> - Divide by 2 <br> - Odd and even numbers <br> - Divide by 5 <br> - Divide by 10 | - Make tally charts <br> - Draw pictograms (1-1) <br> - Interpret pictograms (1-1) <br> - Draw pictograms (2, 5 and 10) <br> - Interpret pictograms (2, 5 and 10) <br> - Block diagrams. | - Recognise 2D and 3D shapes <br> - Count sides on 2D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 2D shapes <br> - Draw 2D shapes <br> - Lines of symmetry <br> - Sort 2D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 2D shapes <br> - Count faces on 3D shapes <br> - Count edges on 3D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 3D shapes <br> - Sort 3D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 3D shapes. | - Make equal parts <br> - Recognise half <br> - Find half <br> - Recognise quarter <br> - Find a quarter <br> - Recognise a third <br> - Find a third <br> - Unit fractions <br> - NonOunit fractions <br> - Equivalence of $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$ <br> - Find three quarters. <br> - Count in fractions | - Measure length (cm) <br> - Measure length (m) <br> - Compare lengths <br> - Order lengths <br> - Four operations with lengths. | - All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| x | $\underset{山}{\tilde{x}}$ | - Make equal groups sharing <br> - Make equal groups grouping <br> - Divide by 2 <br> - Odd and even numbers <br> - Divide by 5 <br> - Divide by 10 | - Make tally charts <br> - Draw pictograms (1-1) <br> - Interpret pictograms (1-1) <br> - Draw pictograms (2, 5 and 10) <br> - Interpret pictograms (2, 5 and 10) <br> - Block diagrams. | - Recognise 2D and 3D shapes <br> - Count sides on 2D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 2D shapes <br> - Draw 2D shapes <br> - Lines of symmetry <br> - Sort 2D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 2D shapes. <br> - Count faces on 3D shapes <br> - Count edges on 3D shapes <br> - Count vertices on 3D shapes <br> - Sort 3D shapes <br> - Make patterns with 3D shapes. | - Make equal parts <br> - Recognise half <br> - Find half <br> - Recognise quarter <br> - Find a quarter <br> - Recognise a third <br> - Find a third <br> - Unit fractions <br> - NonOunit fractions <br> - Equivalence of $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$. Find three quarters <br> - Count in fractions | - Measure length (cm) <br> - Measure length (m) <br> - Compare lengths <br> - Order lengths <br> - Four operations with lengths. | - All |

- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Independently find a starting point to break into a problem
- With support work systematically
- Independently find possibilities
- Independently check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors)
- Pattern spot and predict what will come next in a pattern/sequence (numbers, shapes, spatial
- With support, investigate statements and conjectures
- connectives to expand
- Listen to others' explanations, make sense of them and compare and evaluate
- Begin to edit and improve their own and a peer's explanation
- Investigate 'what if?' questions

| Year 2 - Summer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Geometry: Position and Direction |  | Problem Solving and Efficient Methods | Measurement: Time | Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature | Investigations |  |
|  | Week 1-3 |  | Week 4-5 | Week 6-7 | Week 8-10 | Week 11-12 |  |
|  |  | mathematical vocabulary escribe position, direction movement including vement in a straight line distinguishing between ation as a turn and in terms ight angles for quarter, half three-quarter turns ckwise and anti-clockwise). er and arrange binations of mathematical ects in patterns and uences. | - All | -Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> - Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. <br> - Compare and sequence intervals of time. | - Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. <br> - Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >,< and $=$. | - All |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { - Des } \\ & \text { - Des } \\ & \text { - Des } \\ & \text { turr } \\ & \text { - Ma } \end{aligned}$ | cribing movement cribing turns cribing movement and s <br> king patterns with shapes. | - All | - O’clock and half past <br> - Quarter past and quarter to <br> - Telling time to 5 minutes <br> - Minutes in an hour, hours in a day <br> - Find durations of time <br> - Compare durations of time. | - Compare mass <br> - Measure mass in grams <br> - Measure mass in kilograms <br> - Compare capacity <br> - Millilitres <br> - Litres <br> -Temperature | - All |  |
|  | 5 | - N/A | - All | - Read the time on a clock | - N/A | - All |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\pi}{\bullet} \end{aligned}$ | $\$$ | -N/A | - All | - Read the time on a clock to the nearest 15 minutes | - N/A | - All |  |
|  |  | - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step | - All | - Read the time on a clock to the nearest 5 minutes <br> - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step | - Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking <br> - Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step | - All |  |

- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Independently find a starting point to break into a problem
- With support work systematically
- Independently find possibilities
- Independently check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors)
- Pattern spot and predict what will come next in a pattern/sequence (numbers, shapes, spatial
- With support, investigate statements and conjectures
$\bullet$ Explain with reasons and beginning to use given sentence stems and connectives to expand
- Listen to others' explanations, make sense of them and compare and evaluate
- Begin to edit and improve their own and a peer's explanation
- Investigate 'what if?' questions

Maths Year 3 - Autumn

| Maths Year 3 - Autumn |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Place Value | Number: Addition and Subtraction | Number: Multiplication and Division | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4-8 | Week 9-11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> - Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. <br> - Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones). <br> - Compare and order numbers up to 1000. <br> - Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. <br> - Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. <br> - Count from 0 in multiples of $4,8,50$ and 100. | - Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones; a three-digit number and tens, a three digit number and hundreds. <br> - Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. <br> - Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. <br> - Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. | - Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100. <br> - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables. <br> - Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. <br> - Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to $m$ objectives. | - All |
|  | - Hundreds <br> - Represent numbers to 1,000 <br> -100s, 10 s and 1 s (1) <br> -100s, 10s and 1s (2) <br> - Number line to 1,000 <br> - Find 1, 10, 100 more or less than a given number <br> - Compare objects to 1,000 <br> - Compare numbers to 1,000 <br> - Order numbers <br> - Count in 50s. | - Add and subtract multiples of 100 <br> - Add and subtract 3-digit numbers and ones - not crossing 10 <br> - Add 3-digit and 1-digit numbers crossing 10 <br> - Subtract a 1-digit number from a 3digit number - crossing 10 <br> - Add and subtract 3-digit numbers and tens - not crossing 100 <br> - Add a 3-digit number and tens crossing 100 <br> - Add and subtract 100 s <br> - Spot the pattern - making it explicit <br> - Add and subtract a 2 -digit and 3-digit number - not crossing 10 or 100 | - Multiplication - equal groups <br> - Multiplying by 3 <br> - Dividing by 3 <br> -The 3 times-table <br> - Multiplying by 4 <br> - Dividing by 4 <br> -The 4 times-table <br> - Multiplying by 8 <br> - Dividing by 8 <br> -The 8 times-table. | - All |

- Add a 2-digit and 3-digit number -
crossing 10 or 100
- Subtract 2-digit number from a 3-digit
number cross the 10 or 100
- Add two 3-digit numbers - not
crossing 10 or 100
- Add two 3-digit numbers - crossing 10
or 100
- Subtract a 3 -digit number from a 3-
digit number - no exchange
- Subtract a 3-digit number from a 3-
digit number - exchange
- Exchange answers to calculation
- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Independently find an efficient way to solve a range of problems
- Independently work systematically
- Independently find possibilities using patterns spotted to support
- Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve)
- Pattern spot and predict what will come next in a pattern/sequence (numbers, shape or spatial)
- Independently investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples
- When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer
- Provide a convinced argument
- Reflect on others' convinced explanations and use this to improve their work
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's convinced explanation
- Investigate 'what if?' questions
- Create 'what if?' questions

Maths Year 3 - Spring

|  | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division | Measurement: Money | Statistics | Measurement: Length and Perimeter | Fractions | Consolidation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4 | Week 5-6 | Week 7-9 | Week 10-11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. <br> - Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. <br> - Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to m objectives. | - Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both f and p in practical contexts. | - Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. <br> - Solve one-step and twostep questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. | - Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ). <br> - Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes. | - Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 . <br> - Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators. <br> - Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators. <br> - Solve problems that involve all of the above. | - All |

- Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.
- Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for twodigit numbers times onedigit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.
- Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to m objectives.

| - Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts. | - Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. <br> - Solve one-step and twostep questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables | - Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ). <br> - Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes. | - Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing onedigit numbers or quantities by 10. <br> - Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. <br> - Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. <br> - Solve problems that involve all of the above. | - All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Independently find an efficient way to solve a range of problems
- Independently work systematically

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- Independently find possibilities using patterns spotted to support
- Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve)
- Pattern spot and predict what will come next in a pattern/sequence (numbers, shape or spatial)
- Independently investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples
- When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer
- Provide a convinced argument
- Reflect on others' convinced explanations and use this to improve their work
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's convinced explanation
- Create 'what if?' questions

| Maths Year 3 - Summer |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Factions | Measurement: Time | Geometry: Property of Shape | Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature | Investigations |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4-6 | Week 7-8 | Week 8-10 | Week 11-12 |
|  | - Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators. <br> - Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators. <br> - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $5 / 7+1 / 7=6 / 7]$. <br> - Solve problems that involve all of the above. | -Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII and 12-hour and 24hour clocks. <br> - Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. <br> - Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. <br> - Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon \& midnight. <br> - Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. <br> - Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]. | - Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. <br> - Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. <br> - Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. <br> - Draw 2-D shapes and make 3D shapes using modelling materials. <br> - Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them | - Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity ( $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ). | - All |
|  | - Equivalent fractions (1) <br> - Equivalent fractions (2) <br> - Equivalent fractions (3) <br> - Compare fractions <br> - Order fractions <br> - Add fractions <br> - Subtract fractions | - Months and years <br> - Hours in a day <br> - Telling the time to 5 minutes <br> - Telling the time to the minute <br> - AM and PM <br> - 24 hour clock <br> - Finding the duration <br> - Comparing the duration <br> - Start and end times <br> - Measuring time in seconds | - Turns and angles <br> - Right angles in shapes <br> - Compare angles <br> - Draw accurately <br> - Horizontal and vertical <br> - Parallel \& perpendicular. <br> - Recognise \& describe 2D shapes <br> - Recognise and describe 3D shapes <br> - Make 3D shapes. | - Measure mass (1) <br> - Measure mass (2) <br> - Compare mass <br> - Add and subtract mass <br> - Measure capacity (1) <br> - Measure capacity (2) <br> - Compare capacity <br> - Add and subtract capacity | - All |

- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Independently find an efficient way to solve a range of problems
- Independently work systematically
- Independently find possibilities using patterns spotted to support
- Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve)
- Pattern spot and predict what will come next in a pattern/sequence (numbers, shape or spatial)
- Independently investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples
- When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer
- Provide a convinced argument
- Reflect on others' convinced explanations and use this to improve their work
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's convinced explanation
- Investigate 'what if?' questions
- Create 'what if?' questions

Maths Year 4 - Autumn

| Maths Year 4 - Autumn |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Place Value | Number: Addition and Subtraction | Measurement: Length and Perimeter | Number: Multiplication and Division | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-4 | Week 5-7 | Week 8 | Week 9-11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9 . 25 and 1000. <br> - Find 1000 more or less than a given number. <br> - Recognise the place value of each digit in a four digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens and ones). <br> - Order and compare numbers beyond 1000. <br> - Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> - Round any number to the nearest 10,100 or 1000 . <br> - Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers. <br> - Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers. | - Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. <br> - Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. <br> - Solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. | - Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. <br> - Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre]. | - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 $\times 12$. <br> - Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9 . 25 and 1000. <br> - Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1 ; multiplying together three numbers. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ objects are connected to m objects. | - All |


|  | - Roman numerals to 100 <br> - Round to the nearest 10 <br> - Round to the nearest 100 <br> - Count in 1,000s <br> $\cdot 1,000 \mathrm{~s}, 100 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ and 1 s <br> $\bullet$ Partitioning <br> - Number line to 10,000 <br> - 1,000 more or less <br> - Compare numbers <br> - Order numbers <br> - Round to the nearest 1,000 <br> - Count in 25 s <br> - Negative numbers. | - Add and subtract 1s, 10s, 100s and 1000s <br> - Add two 4-digit numbers - no exchange <br> - Add two 4-digit numbers one exchange <br> - Add two 4-digit numbers more than one exchange <br> - Subtract two 4-digit numbers - no exchange <br> - Subtract two 4-digit numbers - one exchange <br> - Subtract two 4-digit numbers - more than one exchange. <br> - Efficient subtraction <br> - Estimate answers <br> -Checking strategies. | - Kilometres <br> - Perimeter on a grid <br> - Perimeter of a rectangle <br> - Perimeter of rectilinear shapes. | - Multiply by 10 <br> - Multiply by 100 <br> - Divide by 10 <br> - Divide by 100 <br> - Multiply by 1 and 0 <br> - Divide by 1 <br> - Multiply and divide by 6 <br> - 6 times-table and division facts <br> - Multiply and divide by 9 <br> - 9 times-table and division facts <br> - Multiply and divide by 7 <br> -7 times-table and division facts. | - All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ๙ | - Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract) <br> - Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required <br> - Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate <br> - Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems <br> - Develop and apply a systematic approach <br> - Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support <br> - Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve) <br> - Pattern spot and with support, express generalisations/rules in words <br> - Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples <br> - When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer |  |  |  |  |
| $\propto$ | - Provide a clear, correct, logical justification and with support, express generalisation/rules formed in words <br> - Reflect on others' justifications and use this to improve their work <br> - Edit and improve their own and a peer's justification <br> - Investigate 'what if?' questions. <br> - Create 'what if?' questions |  |  |  |  |


| Maths Year 4 - Spring |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Multiplication and Division | Measurement: Area | Number: Fractions | Number: Decimals | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4 | Week 5-8 | Week 9-11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$. <br> - Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1 ; multiplying together three numbers. <br> - Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations. <br> - Multiply two digit and three digit numbers by a one digit number using formal written layout. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ objects are connected to m objects. | - Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares. | - Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. <br> - Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. <br> - Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. <br> - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. | - Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. <br> - Find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths. <br> - Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. <br> - Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre]. | - All |


|  | - 11 and 12 times-table. <br> - Multiply 3 numbers. <br> - Factor pairs. <br> - Efficient multiplication. <br> -Written methods. <br> - Multiply 2-digits by 1 -digit <br> - Multiply 3-digits by 1 -digit. <br> - Divide 2-digits by 1-digit (1) <br> - Divide 2-digits by 1-digit (2) <br> - Correspondence problems. | - What is area? <br> - Counting squares <br> - Making shapes. <br> - Comparing area. | - What is a fraction? <br> - Equivalent fractions (1) <br> - Equivalent fractions (2) <br> - Fractions greater than 1 <br> - Count in fractions <br> - Add 2 or more fractions <br> - Subtract 2 fractions <br> - Subtract from whole amounts <br> - Calculate fractions of a quantity <br> - Problem solving - calculate quantities. | - Recognise tenths and hundredths <br> - Tenths as decimals <br> - Tenths on a place value grid <br> -Tenths on a number line <br> - Divide 1 digit by 10 <br> - Divide 2 digits by 10 <br> - Hundredths <br> - Hundredths as decimals <br> - Hundredths on a place value grid <br> - Divide 1 or 2 digits by 100 . | - All |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n | - Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract) <br> $\bullet$ Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required <br> - Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate <br> - Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems <br> -Develop and apply a systematic approach <br> - Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support <br> - Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve) <br> - Pattern spot and with support, express generalisations/rules in words <br> - Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples <br> - When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer |  |  |  |  |
| $\propto$ | - Provide a clear, correct, logical justification and with support, express generalisation/rules formed in words <br> - Reflect on others' justifications and use this to improve their work <br> - Edit and improve their own and a peer's justification <br> - Investigate ‘what if?’ questions. <br> $\bullet$ Create 'what if?' questions |  |  |  |  |


| Maths Year 4 - Summer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: <br> Decimals | Measurement: Money | Measurement: Time | Statistics | Geometry: <br> Property of Shape | Geometry: Position and Direction | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-2 | Week 3-4 | Week 5 | Week 6-7 | Week 8-10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. <br> - Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. <br> - Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 4$, $1 / 2$ and $3 / 4$. <br> - Find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths. | - Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence. <br> - Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. | - Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks. <br> - Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days | - Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. <br> - Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. | - Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. <br> - Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. <br> - Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. <br> - Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. | - Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. <br> - Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. <br> - Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right and up/ down. | - All |
|  | - Make a whole <br> - Write decimals <br> - Compare decimals <br> - Order decimals <br> - Round decimals <br> - Halves and quarters. | - Pounds and pence <br> - Ordering amounts of money <br> - Using rounding to estimate money <br> - Four operations | - Hours, minutes and seconds <br> - Years, months, weeks and days <br> - Analogue to digital 12 hour <br> - Analogue to digital 24 hour. | - Interpret charts. <br> - Comparison, sum and difference. <br> - Introducing line graphs <br> - Line graphs. | - Identify angles. <br> - Compare and order angles. <br> -Triangles <br> - Quadrilaterals <br> - Lines of symmetry <br> - Complete a symmetric figure. | - Describe position <br> - Draw on a grid <br> - Move on a grid <br> - Describe a movement on a grid | - All |

- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems
-Develop and apply a systematic approach
- Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support
- Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve)
- Pattern spot and with support, express generalisations/rules in words
- Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples
-When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer
- Provide a clear, correct, logical justification and with support, express generalisation/rules formed in words
- Reflect on others' justifications and use this to improve their work
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's justification
- Investigate 'what if?' questions.
-Create 'what if?' questions

Maths Year 5 - Autumn

| Maths Year 5 - Autumn |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Place Value | Number: Addition and Subtraction | Statistics | Number: Multiplication and Division | Measurement: Perimeter and Area | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4-5 | Week 6-7 | Week 8-9 | Week 10-11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit. <br> - Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000. <br> - Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero. <br> - Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest $10,100,1000$, 10000 and 100000. <br> - Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. <br> - Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. | - Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). <br> - Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. <br> - Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. | - Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. <br> - Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables. | - Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of 2 numbers. <br> - Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers. <br> - Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19. <br> - Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for twodigit numbers. <br> - Multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts. <br> - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. <br> - Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1,000. <br> - Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left(^{2}\right)$ and cubed ( ${ }^{3}$ ). <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. <br> - Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. | - Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. <br> - Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ), and estimate the area of irregular shapes. | - All |

- Number to 10,000.
- Roman numerals to 1,000.
- Round to the nearest 10 , 100 and 1000.
- Number to 100,000.
- Compare and order numbers to 100,000.
- Round numbers within 100,000.
- Numbers to a million
- Counting in $10 \mathrm{~s}, 100 \mathrm{~s}$, $1,000 \mathrm{~s}, 10,000$ s and 100,000s.
- Compare and order numbers to a million.
- Round numbers to a million.
- Negative numbers.
- Add whole numbers
with more than 4digits
(column method).
- Subtract whole numbers with more than 4-digits (column method).
- Round to estimate and approximate.
- Inverse operations (addition and subtraction).
- Multi-step addition and subtraction problems.
- Read and
interpret line
graphs. graphs.
- Draw line graphs.
- Use line graphs to solve problems.
- Read and interpret tables. - Two way tables. - Timetables.
- Multiples
- Factors.
- Common factors.
- Common factors.
- Prime numbers.
- Square numbers.
- Cube numbers.
- Multiplying by 10, 100 and 1000.
- Dividing by 10, 100 and 1000.
- Multiples of 10, 100 and 1000
- Measure perimeter.
- Calculate perimeter.
- Area of rectangles.
- Area of compound shapes.
- Area of irregular shapes.
- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems
gork from the outset, looking for ways to record and work systematically
- Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support
- Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve)
- Pattern spot and independently express generalisations/rules in words
- Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples
- When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer
- Provide a clear, correct, logical justification, expressing generalisation/rules in words.
- Reflect on others' justifications and use this to improve their work.
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's justification.
- Investigate 'what if?' questions.
- Create ‘what if? ‘questions


## Maths Year 5 - Spring

|  | Number: Multiplication and Division | Number: Fractions | Number: Decimals and Percentages | Consolidation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week 1-3 | Week 4-9 | Week 10-11 | Week 12 |
|  | $\bullet$ Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. <br> - Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one or two digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2 digit numbers. <br> - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. <br> - Solve problems involving addition and subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the use of the equals sign | - Compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number. <br> -Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths. <br> - Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example $2 / 5+4 / 5=6 / 5=$ $11 / 5$ ]. <br> - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number. <br> - Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. <br> - Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [ for example $0.71={ }^{71} / 100$ ]. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. | - Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. <br> -Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. <br> - Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. <br> - Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. <br> -Recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal. <br> - Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 | $\bullet$ All |

- Multiply 4-digits by 1-digit.
- Multiply 2-digits (area model).
- Multiply 2-digits by 2-digits.
- Multiply 3-digits by 2 -digits.
- Multiply 4-digits by 2 -digits.
- Divide 4-digits by 1-digit.
- Divide with remainders.
- Equivalent fractions.
- Improper fractions to mixed numbers.
- Mixed numbers to improper fractions.
- Number sequences.
- Compare and order fractions less than 1.
- Compare and order fractions greater than 1.
- Add and subtract fractions.
- Add fractions within 1.
- Add 3 or more fractions.
- Add fractions.
- Add mixed numbers.
- Subtract fractions.
- Subtract mixed numbers.
- Subtract - breaking the whole.
- Subtract 2 mixed numbers.
- Multiply unit fractions by an integer.
- Multiply non-unit fractions by an integer.
- Multiply mixed numbers by integers.
- Fraction of an amount.
- Using fractions as operators.
- Decimals up to 2 d.p.
- Decimals as fractions (1).
- Decimals as fractions (2).
- Understand thousandths.
- Thousands as decimals.
$\bullet$ Rounding decimals.
- Order and compare decimals.
- Understand percentages.
- Percentages as fractions and decimals.
- Equivalent F.D.P.
- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems
- Organise work from the outset, looking for ways to record and work systematically
- Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support
- Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve)
- Pattern spot and independently express generalisations/rules in words
- Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples
- When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer
- Provide a clear, correct, logical justification, expressing generalisation/rules in words.
$\bullet$ Reflect on others' justifications and use this to improve their work.
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's justification.
- Investigate 'what if?' questions.
- Create 'what if? ‘questions

| Maths Year 5 - Summer |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Decimals | Geometry: Property of Shape | Geometry: Position and Direction | Measurements: Converting Units | Measurement: Volume | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-4 | Week 5-7 | Week 8 | Week 9-10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|  | - Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. <br> - Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000 . <br> - Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [ for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. | - Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations. <br> - Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. <br> - Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. <br> - Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. <br> - Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees. <br> -Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ), angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) other multiples of $90^{\circ}$. | - Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. | - Convert between different units of metric measure [for example, $k m$ and $m$; cm and m ; cm and $\mathrm{mm} ; \mathrm{g}$ and $\mathrm{kg} ; \mathrm{l}$ and ml ]. <br> - Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. <br> - Solve problems involving converting between units of time. | - Estimate volume [for example using 1 cm 3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]. <br> - Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure. | - All |
|  | - Adding decimals within <br> 1. <br> - Subtracting decimals within 1. <br> - Complements to 1. <br> - Adding decimals crossing the whole. <br> - Adding decimals with the same number of decimal places. <br> - Subtracting decimals with the same number of decimal places. | - Measuring angles in degrees. <br> - Measuring with a protractor (1). <br> - Measuring with a protractor (2) <br> - Drawing lines and angles accurately. <br> - Calculating angles on a straight line. <br> - Calculating angles around a point. <br> - Calculating lengths and angles in shapes. <br> - Regular and irregular polygons. <br> $\bullet$ Reasoning about 3D shapes | - Position in the first quadrant. <br> - Reflection. <br> - Reflection with coordinates. <br> -Translation. <br> - Translation with coordinates. | - Kilograms and kilometres. <br> - Milligrams and millilitres. <br> - Metric units. <br> - Imperial units. <br> - Converting units of time. <br> - Timetables. | $\bullet$ What is volume? <br> - Compare volume. <br> - Estimate volume. <br> - Estimate capacity. | - All |



- Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate
- Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems
- Organise work from the outset, looking for ways to record and work systematically
- Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support
- Independently check and improve work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve)
- Pattern spot and independently express generalisations/rules in words
- Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples
-When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer
- Provide a clear, correct, logical justification, expressing generalisation/rules in words.
- Reflect on others' justifications and use this to improve their work.
$\propto$
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's justification.
- Investigate 'what if?' questions.
- Create 'what if? ‘questions


## Maths Year 6 - Autumn

|  | Number: Place Value | Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division | Number: Fractions | Geometry: Position and Direction | Consolidation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week 1-2 | Week 3-6 | Week 7-10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|  | -Read, write, order and compare numbers up to $10,000,000$ and determine the value of each digit. <br> -Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. <br> - Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. <br> - Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above. | - Solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. <br> - Multiply multi-digit number up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number using the formal written method of long multiplication. <br> - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding as appropriate for the context. <br> - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2digit number using the formal written method of short division, interpreting remainders according to the context. <br> -Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. <br> -Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers. <br> $\bullet$ Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. <br> - Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. | -Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. <br> - Compare and order fractions, including fractions $>1$. <br> - Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. <br> - Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. $1 / 4 \times 1 / 2=1 / 8$ ). <br> - Divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $1 / 3 \div 2=1 / 6$ ). <br> - Associate a fraction with division to calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375 ) for a simple fraction (e.g. 3/8). <br> - Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places. <br> - Multiply one digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers. <br> - Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places. <br> - Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy. <br> - Recall and use equivalences between | -Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants). <br> -Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect t | -All |


|  |  | - Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. | simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - Numbers to ten million. <br> - Compare an order any number. <br> - Round any numbers. <br> - Negative numbers. | - Add and subtract whole numbers. <br> - Multiply up to 4 -digit by 1-digit number. <br> - Short division. <br> - Division using factors. <br> - Long division (1). <br> - Long division (2). <br> - Long division (3). <br> - Long division (4). <br> - Common factors. <br> - Common multiples. <br> - Primes. <br> - Squares and cubes. <br> - Order of operations. <br> - Mental calculations and estimation. <br> - Reasoning from known facts. | - Simplify fractions. <br> - Fractions on a number line. <br> - Compare \& order (denominator). <br> - Compare \& order (numerator). <br> - Add \& subtract fractions (1). <br> - Add \& subtract fractions (2). <br> - Adding fractions. <br> - Subtracting fractions. <br> - Mixed addition and subtraction. <br> - Multiply fractions by integers. <br> - Multiply fractions by fractions. <br> - Divide fractions by integers (1). <br> - Divide fractions by integers (2). <br> - Four rules with fractions. <br> - Fraction of an amount. <br> - Finding the whole | - Coordinates in the first quadrant. <br> - Coordinate in four quadrants. <br> - Translations. <br> - Reflections. | -All |
| 幺 | - Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract) <br> - Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required. <br> - Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate. <br> - Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems. <br> - Organise work from the outset, looking for ways to record and work systematically. <br> - Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support. <br> - Independently check and improve their work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve). <br> - Pattern spot and begin to express generalisations/proof using words and symbolic notation. <br> - Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples. <br> - When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer. |  |  |  |  |
| ® | - Provide proof of reasoning, expressing generalisations in words and symbolic notation. <br> - Reflect on others' proof and use this to improve their own work. <br> - Edit and improve their own and a peer's proof. <br> - Investigate 'what if?' questions. <br> - Create 'what if?' questions. |  |  |  |  |


| Maths Year 6 - Spring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Decimals | Number: Percentages | Number: Algebra | Measurement: Converting Units | Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume | Number: Ratio | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-2 | Week 3-4 | Week 5-6 | Week 7 | Week 8-9 | Week 10-11 | Week 12 |
|  | -Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3 decimal places and multiply numbers by 10 , 100 and 1,000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places. <br> - Multiply one-digit numbers with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers. <br> -Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places. <br> - Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy. | - Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures and such as $15 \%$ of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison. <br> -Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages including in different contexts | -Use simple formulae. <br> $\bullet$ Generate and describe linear number sequences. <br> $\bullet$-xpress missing number problems algebraically. <br> -Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. <br> -Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables. | - Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate. <br> -Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3 d.p. <br> - Convert between miles and kilometres. | -Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa. <br> - Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. <br> -Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. <br> -Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cm 3 , m3 and extending to other units (mm3, km3). | - Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts. <br> - Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found. <br> - Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples. | - All |


| - Three decimal places. <br> - Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000. <br> - Divide by 10, 100 and 1,000. <br> - Multiply decimals by integers. <br> Divide decimals by integers. <br> Division to solve problems. <br> Decimals as fractions. <br> - Fractions to decimals (1). | - Fractions to percentages. <br> - Equivalent FDP. <br> - Percentage of an amount (1). <br> - Percentage of an amount (2). <br> - Percentages missing values. <br> - Percentage increase and decrease. <br> - Order FDP. | - Find a rule - one step. <br> - Find a rule - two step. <br> - Use an algebraic rule. <br> - Substitution. <br> - Formulae. <br> - Word problems. <br> - Solve simple one step equations. <br> - Solve two step equations. <br> - Find pairs of values. <br> - Enumerate possibilities. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| - Metric measures. <br> - Convert metric measures. <br> - Calculate with metric measures. <br> - Miles and kilometres. <br> - Imperial measures. | - Shapes - same area. <br> - Area and perimeter. <br> - Area of a triangle <br> (1). <br> - Area of a triangle (2). <br> - Area of a triangle (3). <br> - Area of a parallelogram. <br> - Volume - counting cubes. <br> - Volume of a cuboid |
| :---: | :---: |

- Use ratio language.
- Ratio and fractions.
- Introducing the ratio symbol.
- Calculating ratio.
- Using scale factors.
- Calculating scale
factors.
- Ratio and proportion problems
- All
measures.
- Calculate with

Miles and
kilometres.

- Imperial measures.
- Volume of a cuboid

Shapes - same area
-Area of a triangle
(1).
(2).
(3).

- Area of a parallelogram
Volume - counting
- Fractions to
$\bullet$ Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)
- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required.
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate.
- Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems.
- Organise work from the outset, looking for ways to record and work systematically.
- Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support.
- Independently check and improve their work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve).
- Pattern spot and begin to express generalisations/proof using words and symbolic notation.
- Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples.
- When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer.
- Provide proof of reasoning, expressing generalisations in words and symbolic notation.
- Reflect on others' proof and use this to improve their own work.
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's proof.
- Investigate 'what if?' questions.
- Create 'what if?' questions.

Maths Year 6 - Summer

| Maths Year 6 - Summer |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Geometry: Properties of Shapes | Problem Solving | Statistics | Investigations | Consolidation |
|  | Week 1-2 | Week 3-5 | Week 6-7 | Week 8-11 | Week 12 |
|  | -Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles. <br> - Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons. <br> - Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. | - All | - Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. <br> - Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. <br> - Calculate the mean as an average. | - All | $\bullet$ All |
|  | - Measure with a protractor. <br> - Introduce angles. <br> - Calculate angles. <br> - Vertically opposite angles. <br> - Angles in a triangle. <br> - Angles in a triangle special cases. <br> - Angles in a triangle missing angles. <br> - Angles in special quadrilaterals. <br> - Angles in regular polygons. <br> - Draw shapes accurately. <br> - Nets of 3D shapes. | - All | - Read and interpret line graphs. <br> - Draw line graphs. <br> -Use line graphs to solve problems. <br> - Circles. <br> - Read and interpret pie charts. <br> - Pie charts with percentages. <br> -Draw pie charts. <br> -The mean. | - All | - All |

$\bullet$ Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract)

- Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, if required.
- Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate.
- Make suggestions of ways to solve a range of problems.
- Organise work from the outset, looking for ways to record and work systematically.
- Find and predict possibilities that match the context using patterns spotted to support.
$\bullet$ - Independently check and improve their work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers, errors and ways to improve).
- Pattern spot and begin to express generalisations/proof using words and symbolic notation.
- Make and investigate conjectures and provide examples and counter-examples.
-When they have solved a problem, pose a similar problem for a peer.
- Provide proof of reasoning, expressing generalisations in words and symbolic notation.
- Reflect on others' proof and use this to improve their own work.
- Edit and improve their own and a peer's proof.
- Investigate 'what if?' questions.
$\bullet$-Create 'what if?' questions.

